# CHRISTIAN SOCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION (CSSC) NORTHERN ZONE JOINT EXAMINATIONS SYNDICATE (NZ-JES)



## FORM FOUR PRE – NATIONAL EXAMINATION AUGUST 2025

#### **PHYSICS 2B**

#### **MARKING SCHEME**

#### e) Table of results (SAMPLE A EXAM)

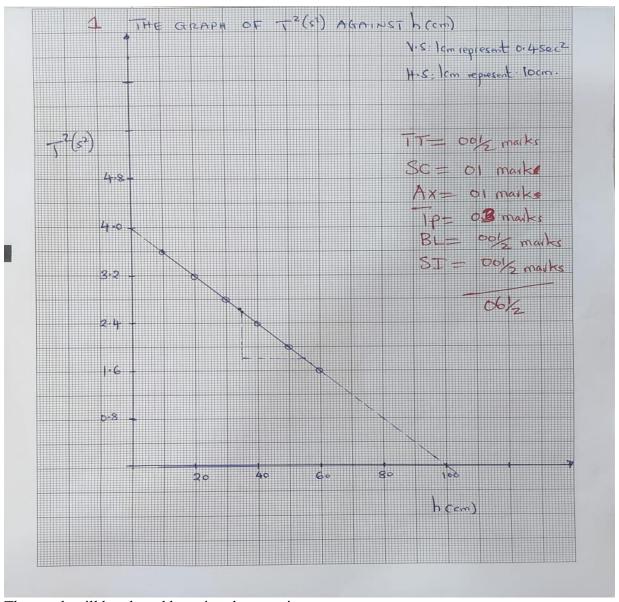
h (cm)	t (s) 10 (±1)oscillation	T (s) (±1)	T (s <sup>2</sup> ) (±1)
10	19.03	1.90	3.60
20	17.94	1.8	3.20
30	16.78	1.67	2.80
40	15.54	1.55	2.40
50	14.18	1.42	2.00
60	12.69	1.27	1.60

 $\frac{1@\text{mark for } t = 05}{}$ 

1@ mar for T<sup>2</sup>=05

(10 Mark)

a) The graph of  $T^2$  against h is on the graph paper at the back pages



The graph will be plotted by using the equation

$$H=rac{T^2g+4\pi^2h}{4\pi^2}$$
 (01 mark) 
$$4\pi^2H=T^2g\ +\ 4\pi^2h$$
  $T^2g\ = -\ 4\pi^2h+4\pi^2H$ 

$$T^2 = \frac{-4\pi^2}{g}h + \frac{4\pi^2}{g}H$$
 (01 mark)

:. The graph will have negative slope and positive y-intercept.

i. From the graph, slope is given by

$$S = \frac{\Delta T^2(s^2)}{\Delta h (cm)}$$
 (0.5 Mark)

$$S = \frac{2.6 - 1.2}{27 - 66} \tag{0.5 Mark}$$

$$S = - \frac{1.4 \ (s^2)}{39 \ (cm)}$$

$$S = -0.036 \, s^2 / cm$$

$$\therefore \text{ The slope of the graph is } S = -0.040 \text{ } S^2/_{cm} \qquad (01 \text{ Mark})$$

- ii. From the graph; the value of h-intercept is 100 cm (01 Mark)
- iii. The value of h-intercept represents the **length of the string** (01 Mark)
- iv. From the equation above; the value of g

$$M = \frac{-4\pi^2}{g} \tag{0.5 Mark}$$

$$g = \frac{-4\pi^2}{M} = \frac{-4\pi^2}{-0.04}$$

$$g = 986.96 \ cm/s^2$$

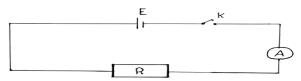
$$\therefore \text{ The value of } g = 986.96 \text{ } cm/_{S^2} \qquad (01 \text{ Mark})$$

v. Sources of error (01 Mark)

- > Air resistance affecting the pendulum swimming
- > Inaccurate measurement of time or length

### **QUESTION TWO**

(i) Diagram for circuit (02 marks)

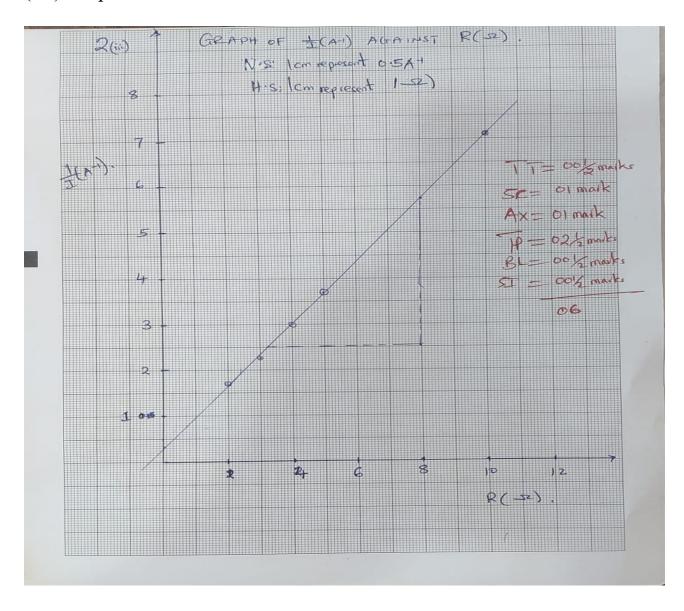


## (ii ) Table of results

$R(\Omega)$	I (A) ±0.1	$\frac{1}{I}(A^{-1})$
10	0.14	7.1
5	0.27	3.7
4	0.33	3.0
3	0.43	2.3
2	0.6	1.67

1@ mark =**05** 1@ mark =**05** 

## (iii ) Graph



Slope = 
$$\frac{\Delta 1/I}{\Delta R}$$
 (01 mark)  
=  $\frac{5.75-2.50}{8-3.2}$   
= 0.677  $\Omega^{-1}$ A<sup>-1</sup> (2.7-3.4) (01 mark)  
(v) From,  
E = I(R+r) (0.5 mark)  
By rearranging, we have  
 $\frac{1}{I} = \frac{1}{E}(R) + \frac{r}{E}$  (0.5 mark)  
By comparing with,  
Y = mx + c  
Slope =  $\frac{1}{E}$ , (0.5 mark)  
but slope = 0.677 V,  
Then E = 1.48 V, range (1.35-1.7 V) (0.5 mark)  
Intercept of a graph = 0.33A<sup>-1</sup> (0.5 marks)  
Intercept =  $\frac{r}{E}$ , (0.5 marks)  
compare with intercept, we have r = 0.495 $\Omega$ , (0.3-0.7) (01 mark)

(vii) increasing the value of R, the brightness of a bulb decreases.

(01 mark)